## Study on Aerosol Retrieval with DPC Sensors and the GRASP Method

## Shikuan Jin<sup>a,b</sup>, Yingying Ma<sup>b\*</sup>, and Zhongting Wang<sup>a,c</sup>

<sup>a</sup> GRASP-SAS, Remote Sensing Developments, Cite Scientifique, 59655 Villeneuve d'Ascq, France <sup>b</sup> State Key Laboratory of Information Engineering in Surveying, Mapping and Remote Sensing, Wuhan University, 430070, China.

<sup>c</sup> Satellite Application Center for Ecology and Environment, Ministry of Ecology and Environment/State Environmental Protection Key Laboratory of Satellite Remote Sensing, Beijing 100094, China

## \*Corresponding author e-mail: <u>yym863@whu.edu.cn</u>

Polarized and multi-angle satellite sensors can effectively provide a series of different observations for a position simultaneously, beneficial for retrieval of complex aerosol properties [1]. Directional Polarimetric Camera (DPC) is a Polarized and multi-angle sensor developed by China [2]. Similar to the POLDER-3/PARASOL, it has three polarized channels at 490, 670, and 865 nm and can scan Earth from multi-angle (9-17). The Generalized Retrieval of Atmosphere and Surface Properties (GRASP) is an open-source algorithm for calculating various optical and microphysical properties of aerosol and surface, based on a statistically optimized strategy [3]. Through a variety of great mathematical and physical methods, the GRASP can optimally handle observations from various sensors and fully consider their uncertainties in measurements. In our pervious study [4], the aerosol optical depth (AOD) has been successfully obtained from DPC/Gaofen-5 satellite and Models/GRASP implementation, with the R of ~0.9 and the RMSE of ~0.066. Scattering angle, number of averaged pixels of retrieval units, and intensity and polarized fitting residuals show obviously impacts on the result in the retrieval. In the future plan of development, multiple DPC sensors will be launched, and expected to be an important part in earth observation system of China for atmospheric parameter monitoring. Here, we will continue to focus on the satellite aerosol retrieval issues, and try to find a best solution for the DPC/GRASP.

Keywords: DPC sensors, GRASP method, aerosol parameter retrievals

## References

[1] Dubovik, O., Herman, M., Holdak, A., Lapyonok, T., Tanré, D., Deuzé, J.L., Ducos, F., Sinyuk, A., & Lopatin, A. (2011). Statistically optimized inversion algorithm for enhanced retrieval of aerosol properties from spectral multi-angle polarimetric satellite observations. Atmospheric Measurement Techniques, 4, 975-1018.

[2] Li, Z., Hou, W., Hong, J., Zheng, F., Luo, D., Wang, J., Gu, X., & Qiao, Y. (2018). Directional Polarimetric Camera (DPC): Monitoring aerosol spectral optical properties over land from satellite observation. Journal of Quantitative Spectroscopy and Radiative Transfer, 218, 21-37.

[3] Dubovik, O., Fuertes, D., Litvinov, P., Lopatin, A., Lapyonok, T., Doubovik, I., Xu, F., Ducos, F., Chen, C., Torres, B., Derimian, Y., Li, L., Herreras-Giralda, M., Herrera, M., Karol, Y., Matar, C., Schuster, G.L., Espinosa, R., Puthukkudy, A., Li, Z., Fischer, J., Preusker, R., Cuesta, J., Kreuter, A., Cede, A., Aspetsberger, M., Marth, D., Bindreiter, L., Hangler, A., Lanzinger, V., Holter, C., & Federspiel, C. (2021). A Comprehensive Description of Multi-Term LSM for Applying Multiple a Priori Constraints in Problems of Atmospheric Remote Sensing: GRASP Algorithm, Concept, and Applications. Frontiers in Remote Sensing, 2.

[4] Jin, S., Ma, Y., Chen, C., Dubovik, O., Hong, J., Liu, B., & Gong, W.: Performance evaluation for retrieving aerosol optical depth from the Directional Polarimetric Camera (DPC) based on the GRASP algorithm. Atmos. Meas. Tech., 15, 4323-4337, doi:10.5194/amt-15-4323-2022, 2022.